

525 Rec'd PCT/PTO 13 NOV 2000

LAW OFFICES

SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC

2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.

WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213

TELEPHONE (202) 293-7060

FACSIMILE (202) 293-7860

09/700258

PCT5



November 13, 2000

Assistant Commissioner  
of Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

ATTN: BOX PCT  
PCT/AT99/00115

Attorney Docket: Q-61663

Re: Application of Georg SIEGL for "PRESENTATION DEVICE"

Sir:

Please enter the above application into the national stage commencement under Chapter II. Enclosed is the application, claims as originally filed, amended pages 22 and 23 of the claims Preliminary Amendment, claim to priority, ten (10) sheets of formal drawings, executed Declaration, executed Small Entity Status Declaration and Assignment. It is assumed that copies of the Int'l Application, Int'l Search Report, International Preliminary Examination Report, and any Articles 19 and 34 amendments as required by §371(c) will be supplied directly by the Int'l Bureau, but if copies are needed, please notify the undersigned.

The Government filing fee is calculated as follows:

Total claims	17	-	20	=	00	x \$18/09	=
Independent Claims	01	-	03	=		x \$80/40	=
Base Fee (1000/500) or (860/430)							= 430.00
Multiple Dependent Claim Fee							=
Assignment Recordal Fee							= 40.00
<b>TOTAL FILING FEE</b>							<b>470.00</b>

Attached please find a check in the amount of \$430. for the basic filing fee. A second check in the amount of \$40. is attached for recordation of the Assignment. You are directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880.

532 Rec'd PCT/PTO 13 NOV 2000

Page -2-  
November 13, 2000

Priority is claimed based on the Austrian Appl. No. GM 312/98 filed May 13, 1998. The Int'l. Appl. PCT/AT99/00115 was filed May 11, 1999.

A duplicate copy of this letter is attached.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard B. Kim

Robert V. Sloan

Reg. No. 22,775

RVS:jljg  
Attachments:

09/700258

532 Rec'd PCT/PTO 13 NOV 2000

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re the PCT Application of Georg SIEGL

based on Int'l. Appl. No. PCT/AT99/00115 filed May 11, 1999

Filed: November 13, 2000

For: PRESENTATION DEVICE

Ass't Commissioner of Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

ATT: BOX PCT

Sir:

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Prior to the calculation of filing fees and prior to initial examination, please amend the above identified PCT application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claim 3, line 1, delete "or 2".

Claim 4, lines 1 and 2, change "one of Claims 1 to 3" to --  
Claim 1 --.

Claim 6, line 1, delete "or 5".

Claim 7, line 1, delete "or 5".

Claim 9, lines 1 and 2, change "one of Claims 4 to 8" to --  
Claim 4 --.

PATENT APPLICATION

Claim 13, lines 1 and 2, change "one of Claims 9 to 12" to --  
claim 9 --.

Claim 14, lines 1 and 2, change "one of Claims 9 to 13" to --  
Claim 9 --.

Claim 15, lines 1 and 2, change "one of Claims 9 to 14" to --  
Claim 9 --.

Claim 16, lines 1 and 2, change "one of Claims 1 to 15" to --  
Claim 1 --.

REMARKS

The above claims have been amended to delete the multiple  
dependencies therein. An early and favorable action on the  
merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



Robert V. Sloan  
Reg. No. 22,775

RVS:jlq

SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN,  
MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC  
2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20037-3202  
(202) 293-7060

Fax: (202) 293-7860

Date: November 13, 2000

Att'y Docket No: Q-61663

Applicant or Patentee: Georg SIEGL  
Serial or Patent No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Filed or Issued: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: Presentation Device

Attorney's  
Docket No.: \_\_\_\_\_

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS  
(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(c))—SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am

- ☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below:  
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN BS-AUSSTELLUNGSTECHNIK GMBH  
ADDRESS OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN Rudolf-Waisenhorn-Gasse 13  
A-1235 Vienna, Austria

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees to the United States Patent and Trademark Office, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled Presentation Device by inventor(s) Georg SIEGL described in

- ☒ the specification filed herewith  
☐ application serial no. \_\_\_\_\_, filed \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ patent no. \_\_\_\_\_, issued \_\_\_\_\_

If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having rights in the invention is listed below\* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d), or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e). \*NOTE: Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention averring to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING Georg SIEGL  
TITLE OF PERSON IF OTHER THAN OWNER Managing Director  
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING Theresiengasse 13/7-9, A-1180 Vienna, Austria

SIGNATURE Georg Siegl DATE October 20, 2000

10/PRTS

WO 99/59122

09/700258

532 Rec'd PCT/PTO 13 NOV 2000  
PCT/AT99/00115

Presentation device

The invention relates to a presentation device  
5 with a base, with bars, connectable or connected by  
means of a transverse strut, for a flexible stand  
connectable or connected to the base via a plug  
connection, and with a holding means for a presentation  
carrier, for example a placard, film or the like, for  
10 connecting the latter to the base and the stand.

Presentation devices of this type are used for  
the presentation or display of documents, such as  
placards, advertising materials, graphics, photographs,  
etc., a paper, a cloth, a film or such like  
15 presentation carrier being held, tensioned, between the  
base and the upper end of the stand. The flexible stand  
is, in this case, bent out, utilizing its elasticity,  
in order to keep the presentation carrier tensioned.  
The presentation carrier may be provided directly with  
20 appropriate imprints, but it may also take the form of  
a sheet-like or film-like presentation carrier, to  
which documents, such as photographs, etc., are  
affixed, as mentioned above.

AT 1 857 U or the corresponding WO 97/14132 A  
25 discloses a presentation device which consists of a  
construction kit of elements/<sup>to be</sup>plugged together, so that,  
in the dismantled state, this presentation device can  
be accommodated in a comparatively small compact pack.  
In particular, here, a base capable of being plugged  
30 together from two side parts and a transverse part is  
provided, and the stand is composed of bars plugged  
together in a X-shaped manner. It has been shown, on  
the one hand, that this known presentation device is  
relatively unstable in the erected state and, on the  
35 other hand, that, overall, it is relatively time-  
consuming and troublesome to plug together the  
components of the presentation device.

On the other hand, DE 93 01 769 U discloses a presentation device of the type mentioned in the introduction, in which the base consists of two side parts which are connected by means of two transverse rods screwed to them; two relatively long one-piece rods are connected to this base by being inserted into it, in order thereby to form the stand, the presentation carrier being held, tensioned, on ropes between the upper ends of the rods and the base. The rods are connected to one another approximately in the middle of their length by means of a transverse strut which is fixed to the rods with the aid of rings and clamping screws.

As is clear, this presentation device is somewhat complicated to erect and to dismount, above all because a tool also has to be used for this purpose; moreover, because of the length of the stand rods, it is also not possible to have a compact small pack for transport purposes.

The object of the invention, then, is to provide a presentation device of the type mentioned in the introduction, which can be built up and demounted again by means of unusually few manual actions and without the aid of tools, which, at the same time, can nonetheless be accommodated, in the dismantled state, in a compact small pack, and which, furthermore, has high stability or firmness in the assembled state.

The presentation device according to the invention, of the type mentioned in the introduction, is characterized in that the stand has individual bars, which are plug<sup>g</sup>able together or plugged together, and at least two transverse struts for achieving a double-H structure of the stand. As a result of the double-H structure provided with the aid of the two transverse struts, a high stability of the stand is achieved, even when this double-H stand is assembled from relatively short individual bars via multiple plug connections. For mounting, it is particularly beneficial, at the

same time, if the lowest individual bars are first affixed to the base by being inserted into corresponding receptacles, after which the first lower transverse strut is attached thereon and then the next middle longitudinal bars are mounted. Regardless of this, the uppermost individual or longitudinal bars are connected to the upper end of the presentation carrier via the holding means, and the upper transverse strut is attached to the lower ends of these uppermost bars; this transverse strut subsequently has a stabilizing effect when the unit having the uppermost bars and the presentation carrier is attached onto the middle bars, so that even this part of the mounting operation can be carried out extremely simply and quickly. In this case, in particular, even short bar elements, for example with a length of 50 cm or 75 cm, can be plugged together lengthwise for the stand, in order to achieve stand heights of, for example, 1.5 m or even over 2 m; however, the bar length may, of course, also be shorter or longer, and, in particular, bar elements having a length of, for example, 1 m may be used.

The bars may have a solid cross section, but tubular bars may also be used, as is preferred per se. In principle, tubular bars arranged telescopically one inside the other may also be employed, but, preferably, identical bars, in particular with equal lengths, which can be plugged together via plug connection elements, are used.

In order to secure the individual components of the stand with the effect of a particularly rigid structure of the latter against displacements, it has also proved advantageous if the transverse struts are provided at their ends with T-pieces for plugging in stand bars.

Correspondingly, it is advantageous if T-pieces are pushed with their transverse webs onto an upper transverse bar of the holding means, bores for plugging



in the upper stand bars being provided in the legs of said T-pieces.

For a stable hold of the stand on the base, it has proved advantageous, furthermore, if the stand bars are pluggable or plugged into plug-in receptacles of an elongate crossmember of the base. For manufacturing reasons, it is also beneficial, at the same time, if the plug-in receptacles are provided in separate plug inserts. The plug inserts may, in this case, already be premounted in corresponding recesses in the crossmember or in its end parts, for example simply by being plugged into these recesses, and a close fit or a press fit can be provided. At the same time, adaptation to different bar sections, using different plug inserts, may also be carried out, without changes having to be made on the rest of the base itself, so that fewer or smaller different components have to be produced and kept in stock for different sizes of the presentation device.

For high stability of the stand after mounting, it is also advantageous if the plug-in receptacles are formed by oblique bores, the axes of which in each case run in a plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the crossmember. It may be pointed out that, according to the above-mentioned DE 93 01 769 U, the parallel rods of the presentation device are plugged into tubes on the side parts of the base, specifically in the immediate vicinity of the fastening points of tension ropes for the presentation carrier at the front end of the base. By contrast, in the last-mentioned embodiment of the presentation device according to the invention, the engagement point of the stand is shifted towards the centre of the base, since, as a rule, the crossmember will be present in the middle of the base, with the result that an additional increase in the firmness and stability of the stand can be achieved.

For specific applications, it is advantageous if, in the position of use, the stand is placed onto

the base by means of lower bars which extend vertically upwards. This may be envisaged, for example, in the case of comparatively low stands and a slight elastic bending-out of the stand structure when the presentation carrier is affixed. It is therefore beneficial, here, if the plug-in receptacles are formed by bores perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the crossmember.

A particularly advantageous design with a double arrangement of presentation carriers back to back may be achieved if combined T-Y-pieces are attached to the upper ends of the stand bars plugged into the plug-in receptacle, and are each provided with two upper blind bores, in order in each case to receive a pair of further stand bars for producing two double-H stand structures. In this embodiment, therefore, the stand structure is divided above the combined T-Y-pieces, so as to obtain two double-H structures which, however, have in common the lower bars plugged into the base and the first lower transverse bar which connects the two combined T-Y-pieces.

To achieve a stable base capable of being mounted quickly, it is also advantageous, here, if at least two, preferably four elongate foldable feet are articulated on the crossmember and are capable of being pivoted out of a folded-up position of rest parallel to the crossmember into an operating position at least essentially at right angles to the crossmember and back again. In this presentation device, therefore, an already premounted base is provided, which, in the position of rest of its foldable feet, when these are folded against the crossmember, nonetheless requires only a small amount of space within the pack, but makes it possible to have high stability or firmness when the foldable feet are folded out, since the articulated connections between the foldable feet and the crossmember can ensure high stability and firmness of the connection. In this case, the base can be erected,

- 6 -

and the foldable feet folded out at the same time, in the shortest possible time. The bars forming the stand can then simply be plugged in.

The foldable feet are articulated on the crossmember as far outwards as possible, that is to say at its ends, and, as mentioned, preferably four foldable feet altogether are affixed, in each case two foldable feet being present on a longitudinal side of the crossmember, so that, when the base is in the unfolded state, an I-shape, with the crossmember as the longitudinal leg of the I and with the foldable feet, taken together in pairs, as the transverse webs of the I, is obtained. If desired, the foldable feet may also be pivoted out of the position of rest into the folded-out position through more than 90°, for example through 100° or 110°, a greater spread for higher stability, for example in the case of relatively short crossmembers, thus being obtained by means of the ends of the foldable feet.

The articulated connection between the foldable feet and the crossmember may be stiff per se, so that the foldable feet dwell in a relatively stable manner both in the folded-out position and in the folded-up position, the foldable feet being capable of being pivoted only by the friction in the joints being overcome. Since this may sometimes be troublesome, it has proved particularly beneficial if the foldable feet are lockable at least in the folded-out operating position, preferably also in the folded-up position of rest. In this case, means conventional per se, such as plug-in pins, but also spring catches, etc., may serve for locking the foldable feet. However, a possibility which is simple in terms of both production and operation is afforded if the foldable feet are vertically adjustable relative to the crossmember along joint pins, being freely pivotable in one vertical position relative to the crossmember, for example in a lowered position, and being locked in their respective

position in another vertical position, for example a position raised in relation to the crossmember, by coming to bear against a stop of the crossmember. The stop of the crossmember may, in this case, be formed, for example, by a suitably shaped joint strap, against which the respective foldable foot comes to bear with a step or a shoulder. If the foldable feet are vertically adjustable relative to the crossmember, therefore, by means of this vertical adjustment, interlocking in the respective folding position can be achieved by the, for example, plane shoulder coming to bear against the, for example, plane stop face, whereas, in the other relative vertical position, the shoulder and stop lie at different levels, so that the pivoting movement of the foldable feet relative to the crossmember is possible.

In order to ensure a fixed articulated connection in spite of the possibility of the vertical adjustment of the foldable feet, it is advantageous if the joint pins are affixed in joint straps of the crossmember with a press fit. Only the limited vertical adjustment of the foldable feet and their pivoting relative to the joint pins and to the crossmember is thereby possible.

For a stable articulated connection, if appropriate with the possibility of simple vertical adjustment of the foldable feet relative to the crossmember, it is also advantageous, furthermore, if each foldable foot has a plurality of joint straps arranged one above the other and associated joint straps are arranged one above the other on the crossmember, the joint straps of the foldable foot and of the crossmember engaging one into the other.

Moreover, for production reasons, it has proved beneficial if the crossmember is formed by a square profile with pushed-on hollow-profile end parts which carry joint straps. In this case, at least the hollow-profile end parts can be produced as plastic injection

mouldings, so that inexpensive manufacture is ensured in spite of the elements necessary for the articulated connection.

It is also advantageous, furthermore, if hooks  
5 for suspending a lower transverse bar of the holding means are provided on the top side of two foldable feet provided on one longitudinal side of the crossmember. If, at the same time, the foldable feet are formed with top sides descending towards their outer ends, the  
10 hooks, which are at a distance from the joints, may be provided in such a way that they do not project beyond the top side of the crossmember when the foldable feet are in the folded-up state, so that, in this respect too, the compact unit of the base is preserved for  
15 packaging purposes.

In the present presentation device, an advantageous development is also obtained in that the projecting uppermost and lowermost transverse bars which are provided for holding the respective  
20 presentation carrier and belong to adjacent presentation devices can be connected to one another in a simple way by means of suitable connection pieces. As a result, two or more presentation devices can be erected next to one another and connected to one  
25 another, so as to achieve, overall, a composite enlarged presentation surface by means of the individual presentation carriers. This presentation surface can be made uniform by coupling the presentation devices, since coupling takes place  
30 virtually in the plane of the individual presentation carriers, so that, overall, the individual presentation carriers are also present in one and the same plane of the presentation surface. Accordingly, an advantageous development of the present presentation device is  
35 characterized by connection pieces with axially aligned blind bores for connecting upper and/or lower transverse bars of two double-H structure stands erected next to one another. Moreover, in this case,

for ensuring the uniform overall presentation surface which is formed by the presentation carriers, it is beneficial if the presentation carriers on the two double-H structure stands are releasably connected to one another at their mutually adjacent longitudinal edges, for example by means of touch-and-close fastenings.

The invention embraces in the same way both a presentation device in the non-mounted state, as ~~well~~ a kit of construction elements, and a presentation device in the mounted state.

The invention is explained in more detail below by means of preferred exemplary embodiments which are illustrated in the drawing, but to which it is not to be restricted. In particular, in the drawing:

Figure 1 shows a graphical diagrammatic illustration of a presentation device;

Figure 2 shows an associated side view of this presentation device;

Figure 3 shows a diagrammatic top view of a base for such a presentation device, with folded-up foldable feet located in the position of rest;

Figure 4 shows a corresponding top view of this base, but in this case with folded-out foldable feet;

Figure 5 shows a view of such a base with folded-up foldable feet;

Figure 6 shows an exploded illustration of part of a crossmember of such a base and a foldable foot for articulation on the crossmember;

Figure 7 shows an exploded diagrammatic view of the end face of the crossmember and two foldable feet (one of these only partially) together with associated joint pins;

Figures 8a and 8b show two partial top views of the region of articulation of a foldable foot on the crossmember, with the foldable foot folded out (Fig. 8a) and folded up (Fig. 8b);

- 10 -

Figure 9 shows a plug insert with a plug-in receptacle for a bar of the stand of the presentation device;

5 Figure 10 shows a view of an upper transverse bar of a holding means for the respective presentation carrier;

10 Figure 11 shows, on a scale enlarged in relation to the preceding Figure, as a detail, a T-piece for connecting the transverse bar to bars of the stand;

Figure 12 shows a transverse strut of the stand;

15 Figure 13 shows, on a scale enlarged in relation to Figure 12, an associated T-piece for connecting this transverse strut according to Figure 12 to bars of the stand by plugging in;

Figure 14 shows a diagrammatic illustration of the components of the presentation device as a kit of elements;

20 Figure 15 shows diagrammatically the procedure for assembling the presentation device from the construction kit according to Figure 14;

25 Figure 16 shows a graphical view, similar to that of Figure 1, of an embodiment of the present presentation device with a double arrangement of presentation carriers;

Figure 17 shows a side view of this presentation device according to Figure 16;

30 Figure 18 shows a plug insert modified in relation to the embodiment according to Figure 9 and having a plug-in receptacle for the presentation device according to Figures 16 and 17;

35 Figure 19 shows a combined T-Y-piece for connecting the longitudinal and transverse bars in the presentation device according to Figures 16 and 17 where the stand structure branches upwards;

Figure 20 shows a view of the region with the lower transverse bar in the presentation device

- 11 -

according to Figure 16 and 17, two slightly modified T-Y-pieces being illustrated;

Figure 21 shows a graphical illustration of two presentation devices which are coupled to one another via connection pieces and which both correspond to the embodiment according to Figures 1 and 2;

Figure 22 shows diagrammatically the connection region of the two presentation carriers of the presentation device arrangement according to Figure 21, the plugging together of the uppermost and lowermost transverse bars by means of the connection pieces and also a connection of the presentation carriers themselves being shown; and

Figure 23 shows a view of a generally cylindrical connection piece, such as is used in the design according to Figures 21 and 22.

In the presentation device 1 according to Figures 1 and 2, a stand, designated in general by 2, is provided as an elastically flexible actual carrying structure. This stand 2 is composed of individual bars 3 arranged upright, for example  $2 \times 3$  bars 3, which are identical to one another and are preferably tubular bars, but, if appropriate, also bars with a solid cross section. These bars 3, which consist, for example, of carbon-fibre-reinforced plastic or else of aluminium, are in the detensioned state, cf. also Figure 14, and they are connected to one another in the mounted stand carrying structure by means of two transverse struts 4, so that a kind of double-H structure is obtained, as is apparent from Figure 15 as well as from Figure 1. The bars 3 and transverse struts 4 are to be connected or are connected releasably to one another via plug connections, as will be explained in more detail below with reference to Figures 12 to 15.

In the assembled state, the stand 2 is supported on the ground via a base 5, the two lower individual bars 3 of the double-H stand 2 simply having to be plugged into corresponding receptacles of the



- 12 -

base 5, as explained in more detail below with reference to Figures 6, 9 and 15.

Finally, a flexible element, for example a placard, a film, a cloth or the like, designated in general as a presentation carrier 6, is also provided, its upper and lower edge being wrapped around at 7 and 8 (see also Figure 14), so that transverse bars 9 and 10 can be pushed in there as a holding or connecting means for fixing the presentation carrier 6 to the upper end of the stand 2 and to the base 5 respectively. When the presentation carrier 6 is affixed in this way, the stand 2 is bent out elastically, as is evident from Figures 1 and 2, whereupon the presentation carrier 6 is held, tensioned, in this operating position.

As is apparent particularly from Figures 3 to 5 as well as from Figure 1, the base 5 consists of a crossmember 11, to the end parts 12 and 13 of which foldable feet 14 to 17 are affixed pivotably about vertical axes, in each case on opposite longitudinal sides, cf. also the arrows 18 in Figures 3 and 4. The foldable feet 14 to 17 have a generally triangular shape in elevation, as is apparent from Figures 5 to 7, but, in a top view, are elongate, and, at their outer free ends, they are provided with foot projections 19 to be placed onto the ground. Two foldable feet affixed to one longitudinal side of the crossmember 11, specifically the foldable feet 14, 15 evident at the top in Figures 3 and 4 (cf. also the view in Figure 5), are provided on their oblique top side with hooks 20 which do not project beyond the top side of the crossmember 11 when the foldable feet 14, 15 are in folded-up state, see Figure 5, so that, when the base 5 is in the folded-together state according to Figure 3, a compact small unit is achieved both laterally and upwards and downwards and can be accommodated, together with the other elements of the construction kit of the presentation device, see Figure 14, in a small pack; it

must also be pointed out, here, that the presentation carrier 6 is, of course, rolled together in the way customary per se for packaging.

However, when the foldable feet 14 to 17 are in the folded-out state, see Figure 4, a large standing surface, with the outer free ends and the projections 19 present there, is defined, so as to ensure that the presentation device 1 has high stability in the erected state according to Figure 1.

As can be seen from Figure 5 and also from Figures 6 and 7, the joints, via which the foldable feet 14 to 17 are articulated on the crossmember 11, are defined by joint straps 21 (on the foldable feet) and 22, 23 (on the end parts 12, 13 of the crossmember 11) which engage one into the other. In the mounted state, these joint straps 21 to 23 engage one into the other, joint pins 26 being plugged in through bores 24 and 25 which are provided in them and which are then aligned with one another. These joint pins 26 are seated in the bores 25 of the joint straps 22, 23 of the crossmember 11 with a press fit, but they are received in the bores 24 of the joint straps 21 of the foldable feet 14 to 17 with slight play, so that these foldable feet 14 to 17 can be pivoted about them and can also be adjusted vertically along these joints pins 26. For this purpose, the distance between the joint straps 21 and 22, 23 of the foldable feet 14 to 17 and of the crossmember 11, that is to say the clear width, is approximately twice as large as the thickness of the joint straps 21 or 22, 23, as may be gathered, in particular, from the illustration in Figures 6 and 7.

The vertical adjustment of the foldable feet 14 to 17 is provided so that, in one vertical position of the foldable feet 14 to 17 relative to the crossmember 11, specifically in the lower position (see the foldable foot 14, illustrated only partially in Figure 7, on the left-hand side), the respective foldable foot, for example 14, can be moved through,

- 14 -

with an upper shoulder 27 adjoining the uppermost joint strap 21, underneath the uppermost joint strap 23 of the crossmember 11, said joint strap being rectangular in a top view. The remaining joint straps 21 and 22 are essentially semicircular in a top view. By contrast, when the respective foldable foot 14 to 17 is in the folded-out or folded-up position, specifically when this foldable foot is in its position raised in relation to the crossmember 11, the uppermost rectangular joint strap 23 of the crossmember forms with its vertical side faces 28 and 29 a stop. As mentioned, so that the foldable foot 14 to 17 can be pivoted, the latter must be displaced downwards along the respective joint pin 26, so that the shoulder 22 can be moved passed underneath the stops 28, 29, and in the respective end position according to Figure 8a or 8b, the foldable foot, for example 17, can be pushed up again, so that it is locked, that is to say interlocked, by its shoulder 27 bearing against the stop face 28 or 29. This ensures that, in these two positions of the foldable feet 14 to 17, these are held firmly in relation to the crossmember 11.

Moreover, in the folded-up position of the foldable feet 14 to 17, the foldable feet are, with their then outer longitudinal sides, see Figures 3 and 8b, adjacent to and essentially flush with the joint straps 23 on the outside, in order thereby also to avoid projecting parts in the folded-together position so as to obtain a compact unit.

As may be gathered, in particular, from Figures 4 and 6, the crossmember 11 consists of a square profile 30, on the end faces of which the end parts 12, 13 designed in the form of hollow-profile parts are pushed and are fixed with a press fit. It would, however, also be possible, of course, to manufacture the crossmember 11 in one piece with the end parts 12, 13.

As mentioned, the end parts 12, 13 not only carry the joint straps 22, 23, which in each case project on their end faces towards both sides, they are also provided with recesses 31, into which plug inserts 32 are inserted, cf., in addition to Figure 6 and 7, in particular also Figure 9, in which a plug insert 32 of this type is shown graphically. Each of these plug inserts 32 injection-moulded from plastic is designed with an oblique bore 33 for plugging in the lower bars 3 of the stand 2 (Figure 1). For production reasons, in order to avoid stresses during the cooling of the plastic of the plug insert 32, a corresponding recess 34 may also be co-formed on the underside, in order thereby to achieve comparable material thicknesses everywhere. For this reason, the plug insert 32, instead of being entirely in the form of a block, is also designed with upper and lower locating plates which can be seen from Figure 9.

In the mounted state, the oblique bores 33 in each case run with their axes in a plane perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the crossmember 11, as indicated diagrammatically at 35, for example, on the right-hand side of Figure 4. As a result, when the presentation device 1 is mounted, the axes of the lower bars of the stand 2 also run in these perpendicular planes 35, and the bars 3 on the two longitudinal sides of the stand 2 are therefore parallel to one another (in the not yet bent-out state); the same also applies similarly to the bars 3 which are subsequently attached and which are likewise parallel to one another. As already mentioned, transverse ~~struts~~ ~~xxxxx~~ 4 are provided, which in each case are inserted between the lower ends of upper bars 3 and the upper ends of lower bars 3. With a view to easy mounting and demounting, a plug connection is provided for this connection, T-pieces 36 being used, which are designed identically to one another and which may expediently already be premounted on the transverse struts 4, as is evident from

- 16 -

Figure 12. According to Figure 13, each of these T-pieces 36 is designed with three blind bores 37, 38 and 39, the transverse strut 4 being pushed into the blind bore 37 and the longitudinal bars 3 to be connected being pushed into the blind bores 38 and 39.

Similar T-pieces 40, but with a continuous bore 41 instead of the blind bores 38, 39, are used for connecting the upper transverse bar 9, which is pushed into the upper wrap-around tab 7 of the presentation carrier 6, to the upper bars 3 of the stand 2. In this case, the transverse bar 9 is pushed through the continuous bore 41, as is evident from Figure 10, and the upper longitudinal bars 3 of the stand 2 are inserted with their upper ends into the blind bores 37 of these T-pieces 40. In order to make it possible to plug-in in this way, orifices 42 are provided, see Figure 14, in the wrap-around tab 7 of the presentation carrier 6 in the corresponding positions, the T-pieces 40 projecting with their legs 43 through said orifices.

Correspondingly, orifices 44 are made in the lower wrap-around tabs 8, through which orifices the hooks 20 on the foldable feet 14, 15 can engage (and at the same time engage around the lower transverse bar 10), in order thereby to hold the presentation carrier 6 firmly at the lower end.

It is apparent from Figure 15 that, when the present presentation device, which is delivered as the construction kit of elements according to Figure 14, is erected, first the base 5 is erected, with the foldable feet 14 to 17 at the same time being folded out, see also the arrows 18 in Figure 15. Subsequently, the lower longitudinal bars 3 of the stand 2 are plugged into the plug-in receptacles of the base 5 which are formed by the bores 33, after which the lower transverse strut 4, with the T-pieces 36 on it, is attached to these lower longitudinal bars 3; the middle longitudinal bars 3 are then plugged into the T-pieces 36 on this lower transverse strut 4.

- 17 -

The upper bars 3 of the stand 2 are plugged into the T-pieces 40 previously pushed on the upper transverse bar 9, the transverse bar 9 previously already having been pushed in the wrap-around tabs 7 of the presentation carrier 6. After the bars 3 have been plugged into the T-pieces 40, the upper transverse strut 4 is affixed to these upper bars 3 with the aid of the upper T-piece 36.

The unit thus obtained, having the presentation carrier 6, the upper bars 3 and the upper transverse strut 4, is then attached as a whole onto the upper ends of the middle longitudinal bars 3 of the stand 2, this being extremely simple and presenting no problems because of stabilization by the two transverse struts 4.

Finally, the presentation carrier 6 is suspended on the hooks 20 of the foldable feet 14, 15 of the base 5 by means of the transverse bar 10 already previously pushed into the lower wrap-around tab 8, the bars 3 being bent out elastically in the way evident in Figures 1 and 2. The presentation device 1 is thus ready-mounted.

When the presentation device 1 is demounted, the corresponding procedure is carried out in reverse order, and, in exactly the same way as mounting, this can be carried out quickly and simply with only a few manual actions.

The individual elements 3, 4, 5, 9, 10 and, in the rolled-together state, also the presentation carrier 6 have length dimensions corresponding approximately to one another, so that all these elements can be packaged in a compact small unit.

It is, of course, also possible to provide other plug connection elements instead of separate, already premounted T-pieces 36 and 40 for the above-described plug connections of individual bars and transverse struts; in particular, it would be conceivable to form comparable plug bushes in one piece

with the corresponding elements, for example the transverse struts 4 or the upper transverse bar 9. It would also be conceivable, in a similar way, to produce the crossmember 11 in one piece with the end parts 12, 13, and, in particular, the plug-in receptacles or bores 33 may also be provided directly in the end parts 12 and 13, instead of in the separate plug inserts 32, as described. As is also clear, in the unfolded state, the base 5 is supported on the ground only with the outer foot projections 19, and, when the presentation device 1 is in the erected state, the crossmember 11 runs at a distance above the ground. A comparable foot projection (not illustrated) may, however, also be affixed to the underside of the crossmember 11, for example in the middle of the longitudinal extent of the latter, in order thereby to obtain an additional supporting element.

Instead of the above-described vertical adjustment of the foldable feet 14 to 17 for locking in the respective folding positions or for release for pivoting, other locking means known per se would also be conceivable, and, in particular, it would be possible to make the articulated connection stiff in such a way that the foldable feet 14 to 17 remain relatively reliably in the respective pivoting position solely due to friction. On the other hand, push-in locking pins or the like could be provided as alternative locking means, as is known per se and need not be explained in any more detail here.

Figures 16 to 23, also explained below, show various other modifications which are particularly advantageous for specific applications, particularly with a view to increasing the presentation surface.

Thus, Figures 16 and 17 show a presentation device with a twofold double-H stand structure 2, in which, in the position of use shown, when two presentation carriers 6 are affixed back to back, the lower bars 3 plugged into the base 5 are oriented

vertically. Combined T-Y-(or V) pieces 36' are attached to the upper ends of these lower bars 3, so that, on the one hand, as already described above, the lower transverse bar 4 can be received and, on the other hand, in each case two middle longitudinal bars 3 can be plugged in. Possible forms of these combined T-Y-coupling pieces 36' can be seen in more detail from Figure 19 and Figure 20 explained in more detail below.

T-pieces 36 are then in each case attached to the middle bars 3 in the way already described above, in order to receive the upper transverse bars 4 and the uppermost longitudinal bars 3. These uppermost bars 3, in turn, in each case carry in pairs, via the upper T-pieces 40, the uppermost transverse bars 9 (see Figure 17), to which the two presentation carriers 6 are affixed with the aid of the wrapped-around edge 7.

As described above with reference to Figures 1 to 15, transverse bars 10 are plugged in the wrapped-around lower edge region at the lower end of the presentation carrier 6 in a corresponding way, hooking on hooks 20 on the base 5 taking place, as described. In contrast to the embodiment according to Figures 1 to 15, in the embodiment according to Figures 16 and 17 hooks 20 for suspending the lower transverse bars 10 are provided on all the foldable feet 14, 15, 16, 17.

In order to achieve the vertical alignment of the lowest longitudinal bars 3 of the twofold double-H stand structure according to Figures 16 and 17, the plug inserts 32' inserted in the crossmember 11 of the base 5, specifically into the recesses 31 located there (cf. Figure 7), are provided with vertical bores 33', see also Figure 18.

Figure 19 shows a version of the combined T-Y-piece 36', and it is clear that altogether four plug bushes or blind bores 37', 38' and 39A, 39B are provided in one piece made of plastic. In this case, in a modification of the T-piece 36 according to Figure 13, there are two mutually parallel upper plug



bushes 39A, 39B which serve for plugging in the two middle longitudinal bars 3 in each case, in order thereby to achieve the twofold double-H structure of the stand according to Figure 16.

5 Figure 20 illustrates this region of connection of the lower transverse bar 4 and in each case of the two middle longitudinal bars 3 by plugging into the combined T-Y-pieces 36' and attachment to the lower bars 3, Figure 20 showing two somewhat different  
10 coupling pieces 136 and 136', with the upper plug bushes being offset relative to one another.

Figure 21 shows two presentation devices 1 according to Figure 1 erected directly next to one another, the stands 2 of these presentation devices 1  
15 being designed identically and carrying identical presentation carriers 6, so that, in the position of use shown, two structures of identical height are obtained. In order to ensure the uniformity of the overall presentation surface defined by the two  
20 presentation carriers 6, even when there are some different bending properties of the bars 3, etc., the uppermost transverse bars 9 and lowermost transverse bars 10 of the two presentation devices 1 are coupled by means of simple, for example cylindrical connection  
25 pieces 45 with axially aligned blind bores 46, 47, cf., in addition to Figure 21, in particular also Figures 22 and 23.

Figure 22 also illustrates diagrammatically, in several places 48, that the presentation carriers 6 can  
30 be connected to one another additionally, for example via touch-and-close fastening tapes (Velcro tapes) or via magnetic fastening means, in order thereby additionally to secure the uniform presentation surface. Of course, the connection, instead of being  
35 made in individual discrete places 48, may also be made over the entire height of the two presentation carriers 6, for example by means of a touch-and-close fastening.

- 21 -

Furthermore, by means of the connection pieces 45 described, it is possible to couple more than two presentation devices 1, as shown in Figure 21, depending on the desired overall presentation surface.

5 Also, double stands according to Figures 16 and 17,  
arranged next to one another, may, of course, also be  
coupled to one another.

## New Patent Claims:

1. Presentation device (1) with a base (5), with flexible individual bars (3), plug<sup>g</sup>able together or plugged together to form a stand bar, for a flexible stand (2) connectable or connected to the base (5) via a plug connection, and with a holding means for a presentation carrier (6), for example a placard, a film or the like, for connecting the latter to the base (5) and the stand (2), characterized in that at least two transverse struts (4) are provided, which are plug<sup>g</sup>able together or plugged together with the individual bars (3) of two stand bars in order to achieve a double-H structure.

2. Presentation device according to Claim 1, characterized in that the transverse struts (4) are provided at their ends with T-pieces (36, 136) for plugging in stand bars (3).

3. Presentation device according to Claim 1 or 2, characterized in that T-pieces (40) are pushed with their transverse webs onto an upper transverse bar (9) of the holding means, bores (37) for plugging in the upper stand bars (3) being provided in their legs (43) of said T-pieces.

4. Presentation device according to one of Claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the stand bars (3) can be plugged or are plugged into plug-in receptacles (33; 33') of an elongate crossmember (11) of the base (5).

5. Presentation device according to Claim 4, characterized in that the plug-in receptacles (33) are provided in separate plug inserts (32; 32').

6. Presentation device according to Claim 4 or 5, characterized in that the plug-in receptacles (33) are formed by oblique bores, the axes of which in each case run in a plane (35) perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the crossmember (11).

7. Presentation device according to Claim 4 or 5, characterized in that the plug-in receptacles (33') are

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

formed by bores perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the crossmember.

8. Presentation device according to Claim 7, characterized in that combined T-Y-pieces (36'; 136, 136') are attached to the upper ends of the stand bars (3) plugged into the plug-in receptacles (33') and are each provided with two upper blind bores (39A, 39B), in order in each case to receive a pair of further stand bars (3) for producing two double-H stand structures.

9. Presentation device according to one of Claims 4 to 8, characterized in that at least two, preferably four elongate foldable feet (14 to 17) are articulated on the crossmember (11) and are capable of being pivoted out of a folded-up position of rest parallel to the crossmember (11) into an operating position at least essentially at right angles to the crossmember (11) and back again.

10. Presentation device according to Claim 9, characterized in that the foldable feet (14 to 17) are lockable at least in the folded-out operating position, preferably also in the folded-up position of rest.

11. Presentation device according to Claim 10, characterized in that the foldable feet (14 to 17) are vertically adjustable relative to the crossmember (11) along joint pins (26), being freely pivotable in one vertical position relative to the crossmember (11), for example in a lowered position, and being locked in their respective position in another vertical position, for example a position raised in relation to the crossmember (11), by coming to bear against a stop (28, 29) of the crossmember (11).

12. Presentation device according to Claim 11, characterized in that the joint pins (26) are affixed in joint straps (22, 23) of the crossmember (11) with a press fit.

13. Presentation device according to one of Claims 9 to 12, characterized in that each foldable foot (14 to 17) has a plurality of joint straps (21)

arranged one above the other and associated joint straps (22, 23) are arranged one above the other on the crossmember (11), the joint straps (21; 22, 23) of the foldable foot (14 to 17) and of the crossmember engaging one into the other.

14. Presentation device according to one of Claims 9 to 13, characterized in that the crossmember (11) is formed by a square profile (30) with pushed-on hollow-profile end parts (12, 13) which carry joint straps (22, 23).

15. Presentation device according to one of Claims 9 to 14, characterized in that hooks (20) for suspending a lower transverse bar (10) of the holding means are provided on the top side of two foldable feet (14, 15) provided on one longitudinal side of the crossmember (11).

16. Presentation device according to one of Claims 1 to 15, characterized by connection pieces (45) with axially aligned blind bores (46, 47) for connecting upper and/or lower transverse bars (9, 10) of two double-H structure stands (2) erected next to one another.

17. Presentation device according to Claim 16, characterized in that the presentation carriers (6) on the two double-H structure stands (2) are releasably connected to one another at their mutually adjacent longitudinal edges, for example by means of touch-and-close fastenings (48).

## Abstract

## Presentation Device

A presentation device (1) with a base (5), with bars (3) for a flexible stand (2) connectable or connected to the base (5) via a plug connection, and with a holding means for a placard, a film or the like presentation carrier (6), for connecting the latter to the base (5) and the stand (2), wherein the stand (2) has individual bars (3), which are pluggable together or plugged together, and at least two transverse struts (4) for achieving a double-H-structure of the stand (2).

FIG. 1

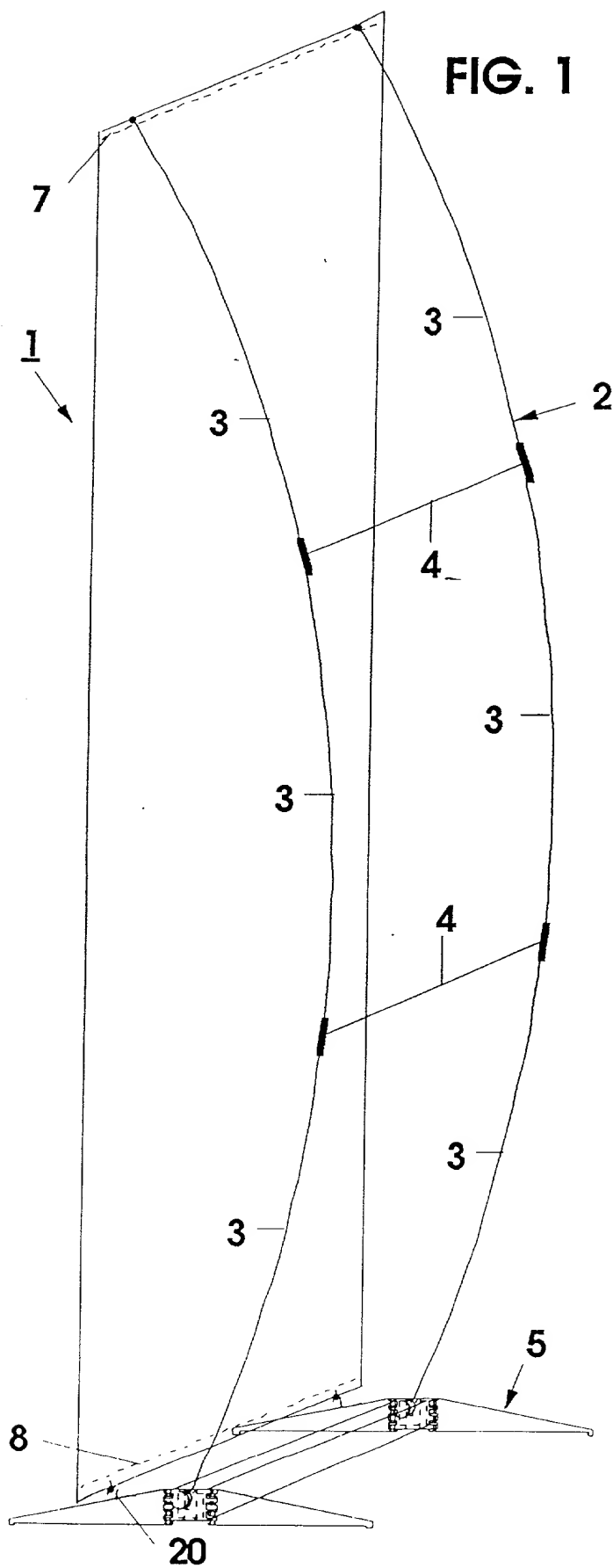
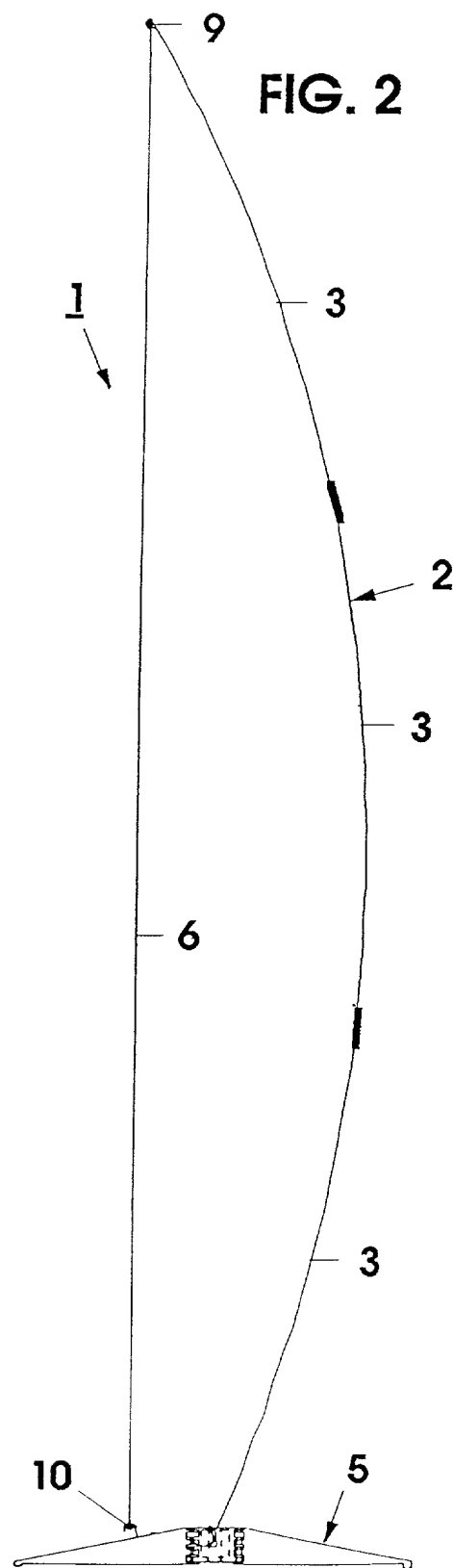
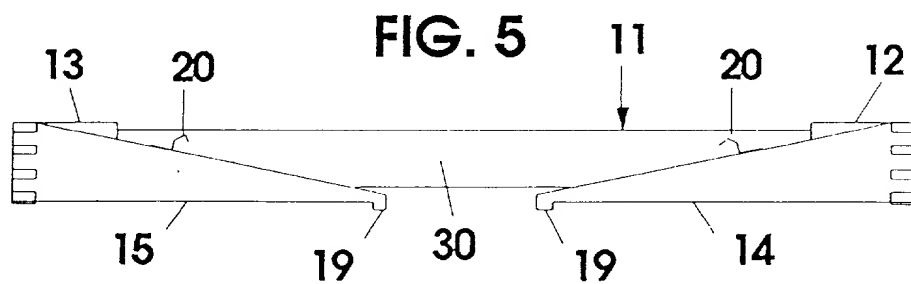
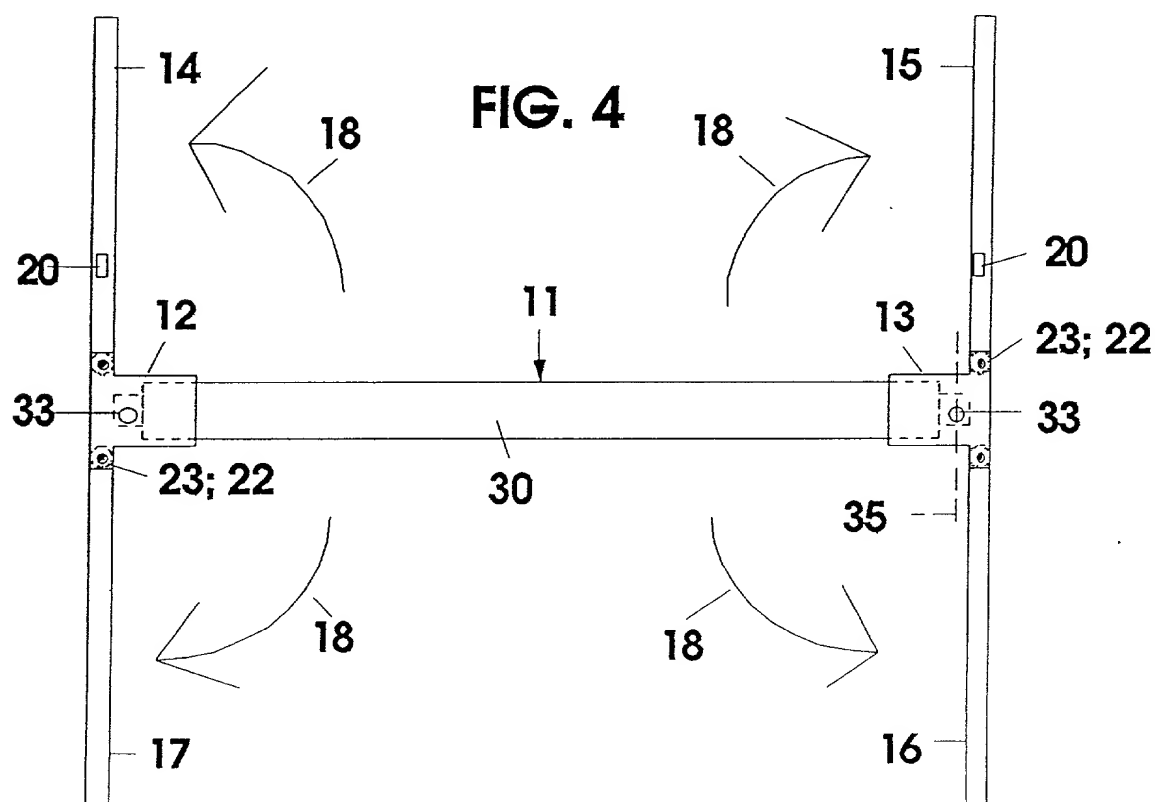
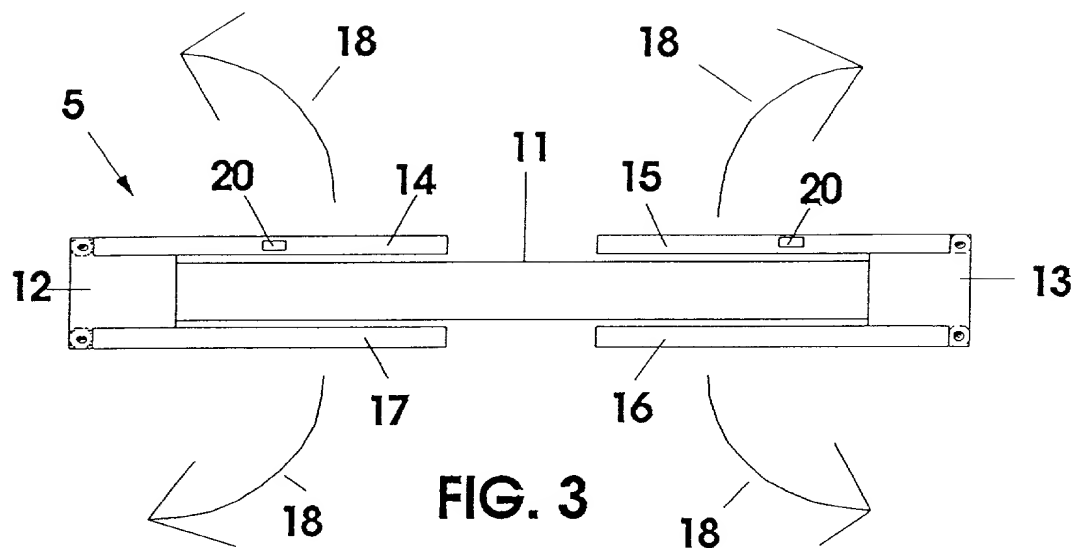


FIG. 2







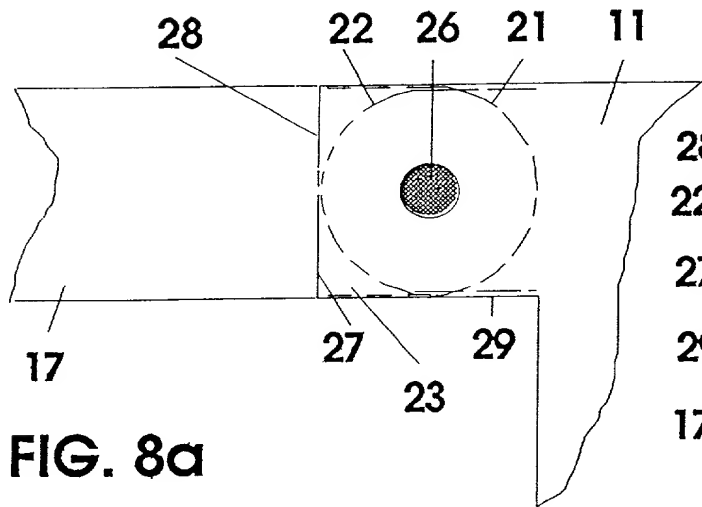


FIG. 8a

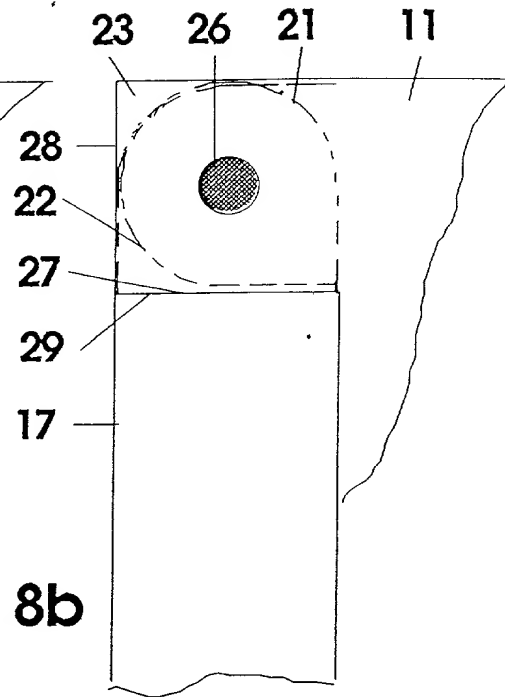


FIG. 8b

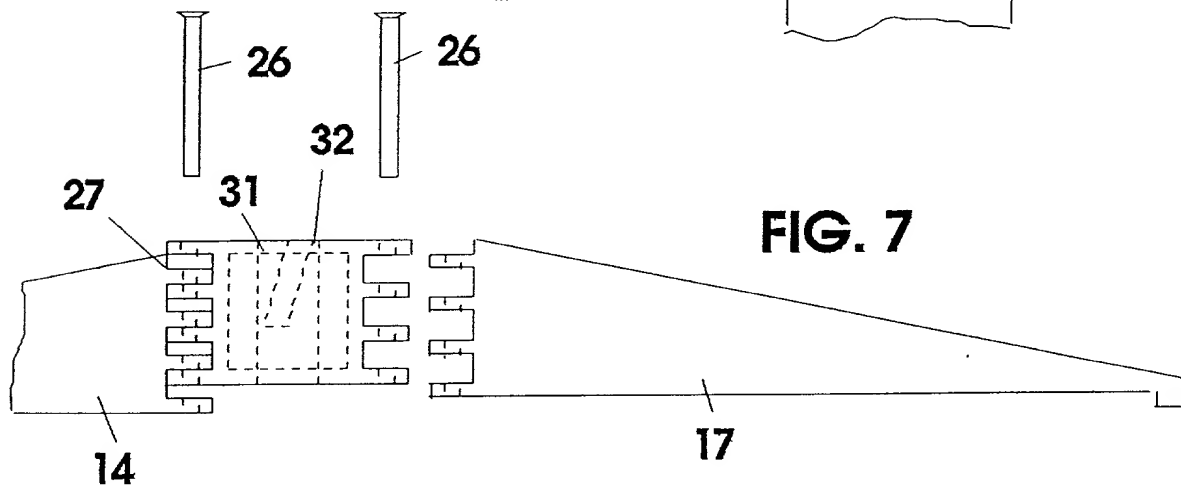


FIG. 7

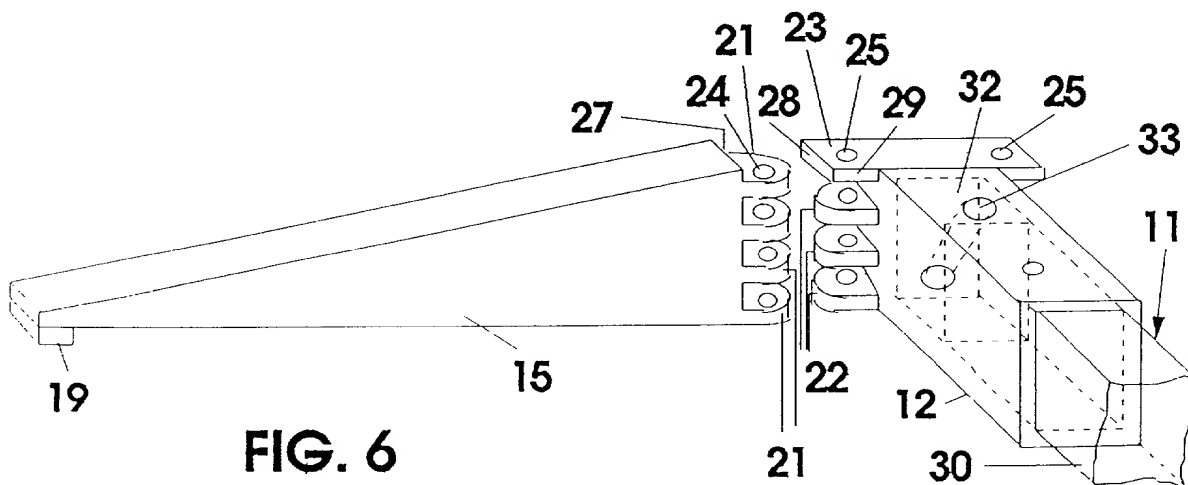
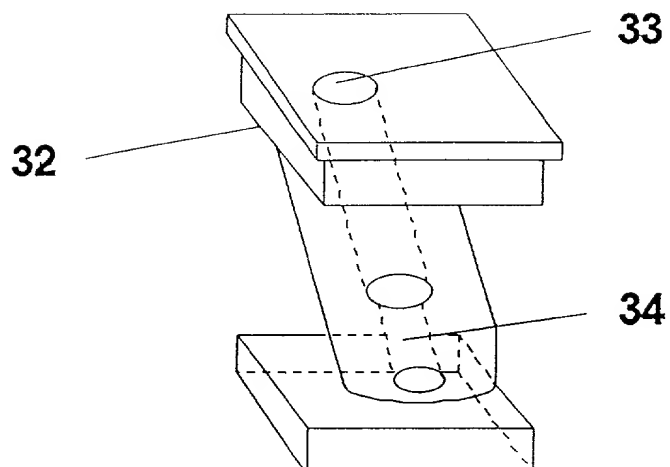


FIG. 6

**FIG. 9**

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

FIG. 14

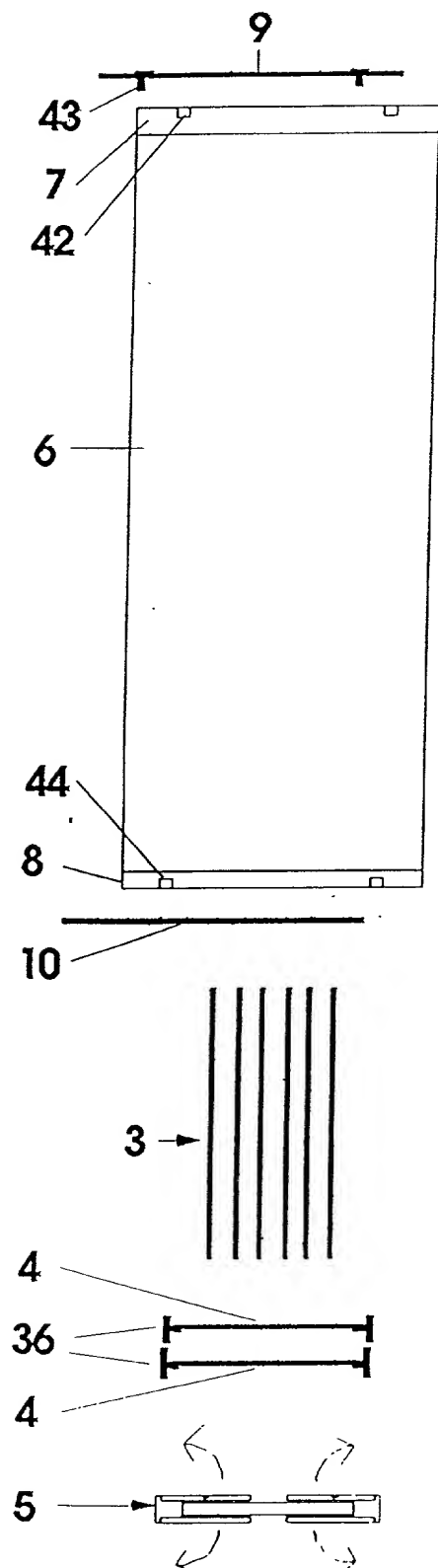


FIG. 15

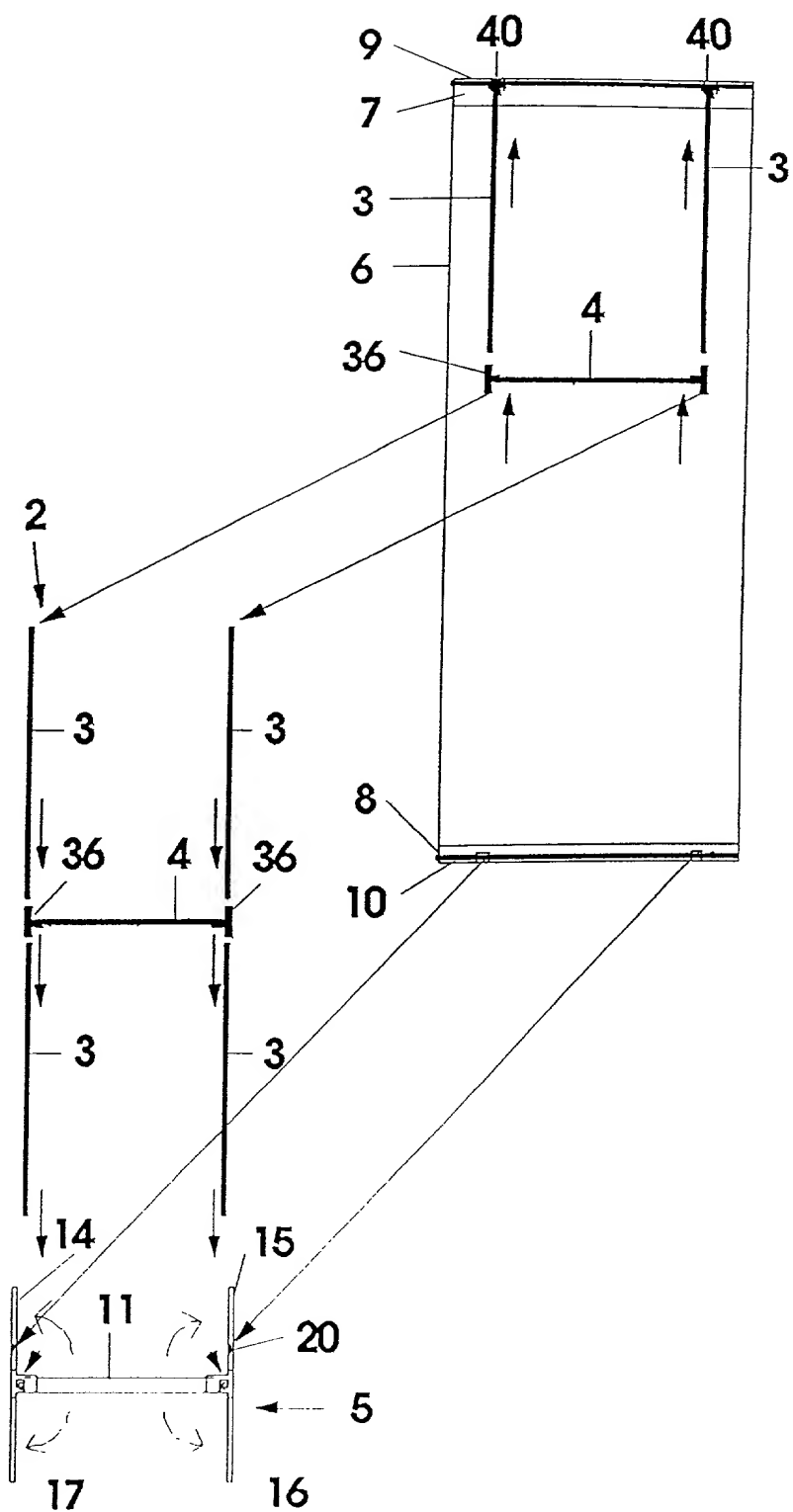


FIG. 17



FIG. 18

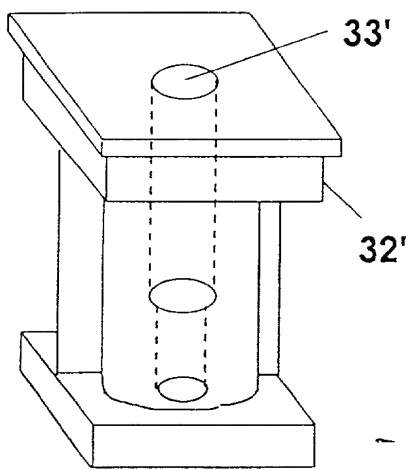


FIG. 19

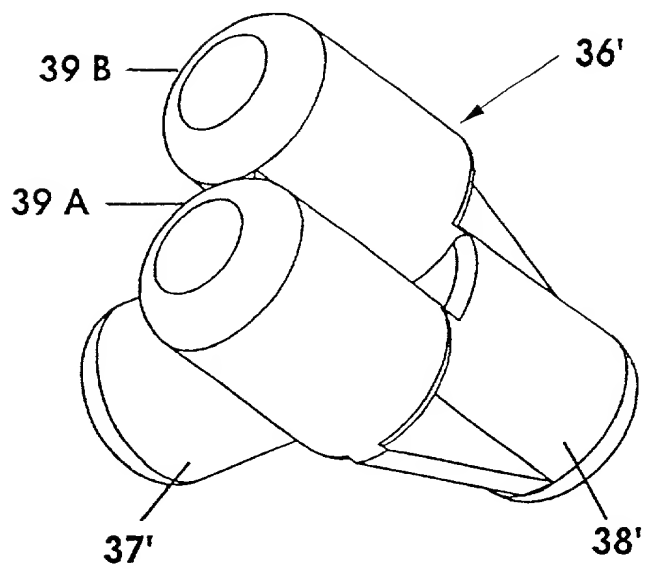


FIG. 20

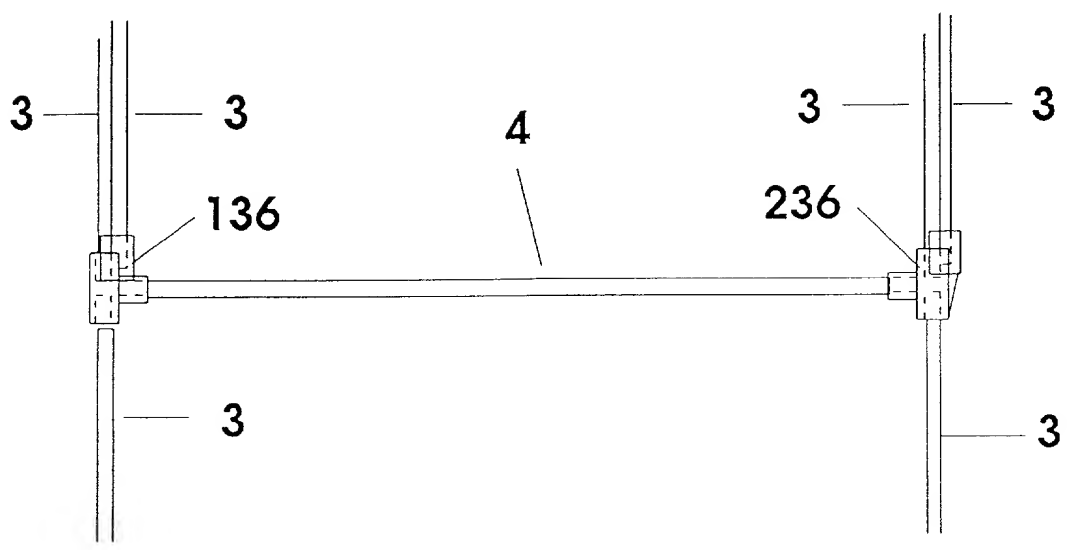


FIG. 21

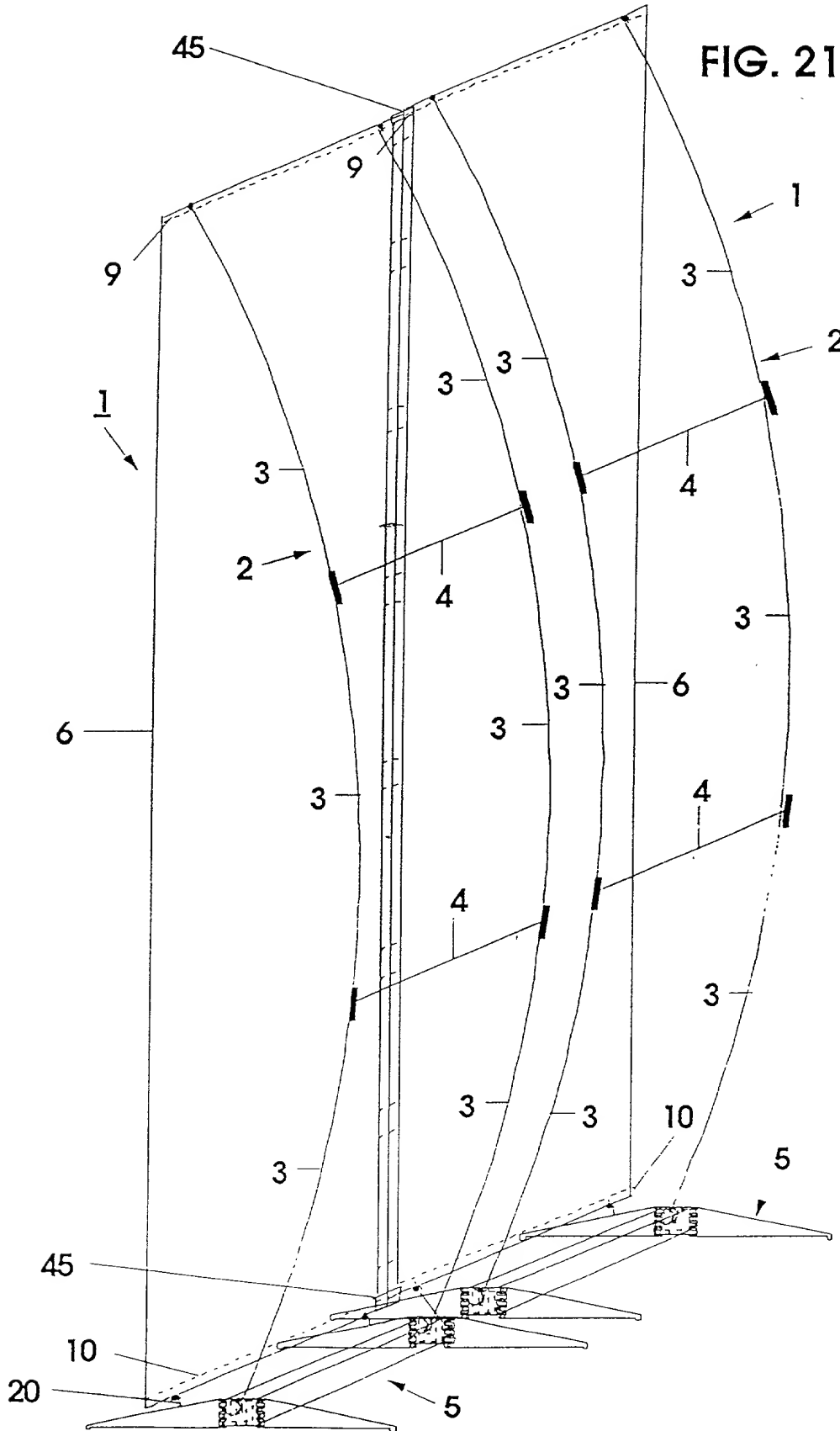




FIG. 23

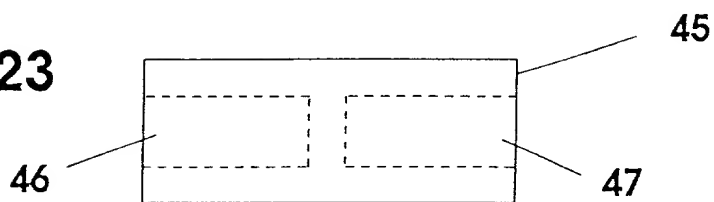
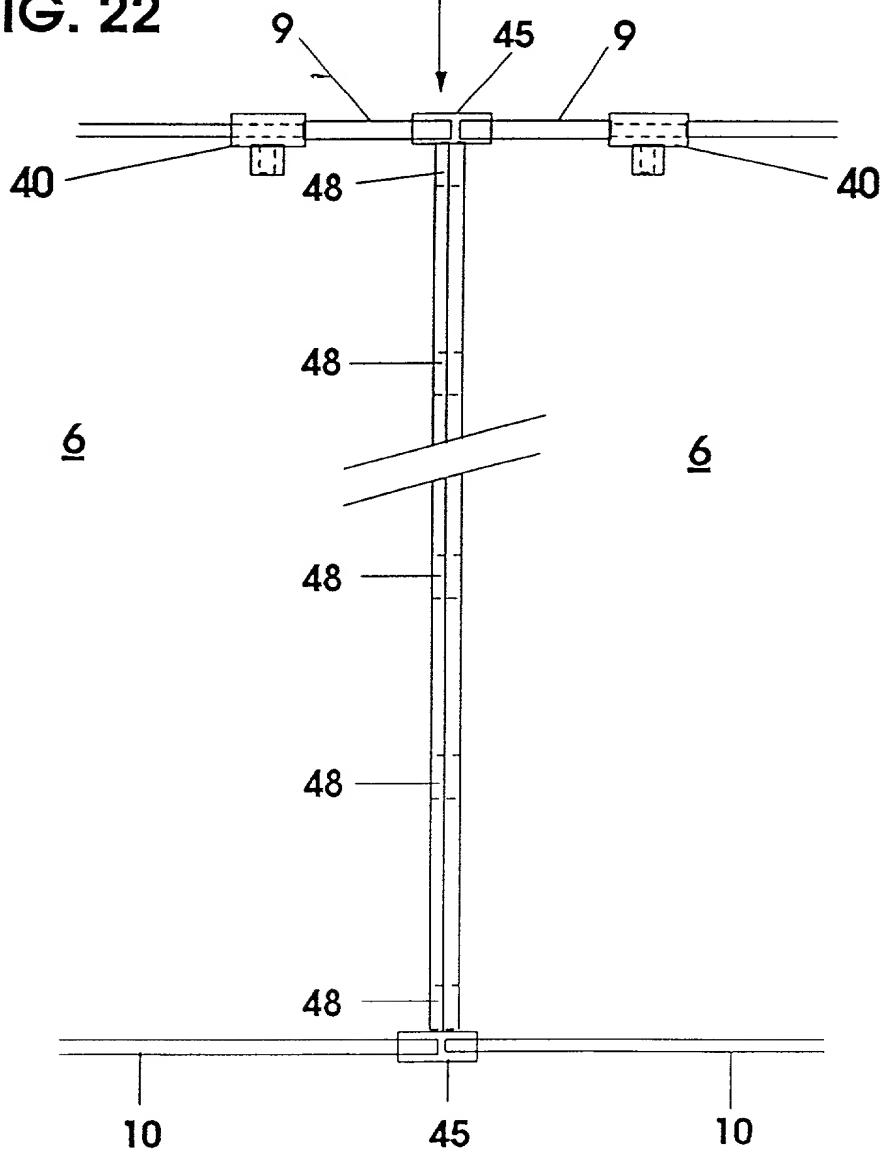


FIG. 22



**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name: that I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or a joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter claimed and for which a patent is sought in the application entitled:

**PRESENTATION DEVICE**

which application is

the attached application **international patent** application Serial No. **PCT/AT99/00115**  
(for original application) filed **May 11, 1999**, and amended on  
**March 24, 2000**  
(for declaration not accompanying application)

that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification of the above-identified application, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above; that I acknowledge my duty to disclose information of which I am aware which is material to the patentability of this application under 37 C.F.R. 1.56, that I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code §119, §172 or §365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified on said list any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Application Number	Country	Filing Date	Priority Claimed (yes or no)
GM 312/98	Austria	13/May/1998	YES

I hereby claim the benefit of Title 35, United States Code §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in a listed prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge my duty to disclose any information material to the patentability of this application under 37 C.F.R. 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Filing Date	Status (patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint John H. Mion, Reg. No. 18,879; Donald E. Zinn, Reg. No. 19,046; Thomas J. Macpeak, Reg. No. 19,292; Robert J. Seas, Jr., Reg. No. 21,092; Darryl Mexic, Reg. No. 23,063; Robert V. Sloan, Reg. No. 22,775; Peter D. Olexy, Reg. No. 24,513; J. Frank Osha, Reg. No. 24,625; Waddell A. Biggart, Reg. No. 24,861; Robert G. McMorro, Reg. No. 19,093; Louis Gubinsky, Reg. No. 24,835; Neil B. Siegel, Reg. No. 25,200; David J. Cushing, Reg. No. 28,703; John R. Inge, Reg. No. 26,916; Joseph J. Ruch, Jr., Reg. No. 26,577; Sheldon I. Landsman, Reg. No. 25,430; Richard C. Turner, Reg. No. 29,710; Howard L. Bernstein, Reg. No. 25,665; Alan J. Kasper, Reg. No. 25,426; Kenneth J. Burchfiel, Reg. No. 31,333; Gordon Kit, Reg. No. 30,764; Susan J. Mack, Reg. No. 30,951; Frank L. Bernstein, Reg. No. 31,484; Mark Boland, Reg. No. 32,197; William H. Mandir, Reg. No. 32,156; Scott M. Daniels, Reg. No. 32,562; Brian W. Hannon, Reg. No. 32,778 and Abraham J. Rosner, Reg. No. 33,276, my attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and request that all correspondence about the application be addressed to **SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS**, 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037-3202.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Date October 20, 2000 First Inventor Georg SIEGL  
First Name Middle Initial Last Name  
Residence A-1180 Vienna, Austria Signature [Signature]  
Theresiengasse 13/7-9 Post Office Address Theresiengasse 13/7-9, A-1180  
Citizenship Austria Vienna, Austria